PROTOCOL



Developmental Delay/Disorder

- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- >>> Provide psychoeducation to person and carers and parenting advice. Provide guidance on developmental disorders. (2.2 and 2.3)
- >>> Provide carer support. (2.6)
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- >>> Link with other available resources in the community such as Community-Based Rehabilitation.
- >> Offer Parent Skills Training, when available. (2.8)
- >>> Refer children with developmental disorders to specialist for further assessment, advice on management plan and family planning.
- >>> Ensure appropriate follow-up every three months or more, if needed.
- **DO NOT** offer pharmacological treatment.

PROTOCOL

2

Problems with Behaviour

- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- >>> Provide guidance on improving behaviour. (2.3)
- Assess for and manage stressors, reduce stress and strengthen social supports.
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- Link with other available resources in the community.
- » Offer follow-up.

PROTOCOL



Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- >>> Provide psychoeducation to person and carers and parenting advice. Provide guidance on improving behaviour. (2.2 and 2.3)
- Assess for and manage stressors, reduce stress and strengthen social supports.
- >>> Provide carer support. (2.6)
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- >> Link with other available resources in the community.
- >> Consider Parent Skills Training when available. (2.8)
- >>> Consider behavioural interventions when available. (2.8)
-) If above treatments have failed <u>AND</u> the child/ adolescent has a diagnosis of ADHD <u>AND</u> is at least 6 years old, refer to a specialist for methylphenidate treatment.
- >>> Ensure appropriate follow-up every three months or more, if needed.

PROTOCOL



Conduct Disorder

- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- >>> Provide psychoeducation to person and carers and parenting advice. (2.2)
- >>> Provide guidance on improving behaviour. (2.3)
- Assess for and manage stressors, and strengthen social supports.
- >>> Provide carer support. (2.6)
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- >> Consider Parent Skills Training when available. (2.8)
- >> Link with other available resources in the community.
- >>> Ensure appropriate follow-up every three months or more, if needed.
- >>> Consider behavioural interventions when available. (2.8)
- **DO NOT** offer pharmacological treatment.

PROTOCOL



Problems with Emotions

- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- >>> Provide psychoeducation to the person and carers and advice on parenting. (2.2)
- Assess for and manage stressors, reduce stress and strengthen social supports.
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- >> Link with other available resources in the community.

PROTOCOL

6

Emotional Disorder or Depression

- **DO NOT** consider pharmacological treatment as first line treatment.
- **DO NOT** prescribe pharmacological treatment for children younger than 12 years.
- >>> Provide guidance on child/adolescent well-being. (2.1)
- Provide psychoeducation to the person and carers.(2.2 and 2.5)
- >> Provide carer support. (2.6)
- >> Liaise with teachers and other school staff. (2.7)
- **>>** Link with other available resources in the community.
- Assess for and manage stressors, reduce stress and strengthen social supports.
- >> Consider Parent Skills Training when available. (2.8)
- >>> Consider referral for behavioural intervention or interpersonal therapy.
- When psychological interventions prove ineffective, consult a specialist for Fluoxetine (no other SSRIs or TCAs). Go to DEP for medication details.
- >>> Ensure appropriate follow-up once a month or more, if needed.