Table 26: Clinical evidence profile: People with primary headache disorder vs control

Quality assessment							No of patients		Effect		Quality	Importance
No of studies	Design	Risk of bias	Inconsistency	Indirectness	Imprecision	Other considerations	Primary headache disorder	Control	HR (95% CI)	Absolute		
incidence of sleep apnoea												
1	observational studies	serious risk of bias[1]	no serious inconsistency	no serious indirectness	no serious imprecision	None	20/1346 (1.5%)	37/5384 (0.69%)	HR 2.17 (1.259 to 3.739)[2]	8 more per 1000 (from 2 more to 19 more)	⊕⊕OO LOW	CRITICAL

[1] Risk of bias was assessed using the QUIPS checklist. Downgraded by 1 increment if the majority of the evidence was at high risk of bias, and downgraded by 2 increments if the majority of the evidence was at very high risk of bias.
[2] multivariate cox proportional hazards regression analysis measured HR